



THE
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SUPPLEMENT

PROCLAMATIONS, RULES AND REGULATIONS

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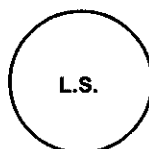
No. 318

Proclamation No. 20/2022

JAMAICA



THE CONSTITUTION OF JAMAICA
A PROCLAMATION



PATRICK L. ALLEN,
Governor-General.

By His Excellency, the Most Honourable Sir
PATRICK LINTON ALLEN, Member of the Order
of the Nation, Knight Grand Cross of the Most
Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint
George, Commander of the Order of Distinction,
Knight of Grace of the Most Venerable Order
of the Hospital of Saint John of Jerusalem,
Governor-General of Jamaica.

WHEREAS by virtue of section 20(1) of the Constitution of Jamaica, the Governor-General may make a Proclamation declaring that a state of public emergency exists:

AND WHEREAS section 20(2) of the Constitution of Jamaica provides that a Proclamation made under section 20 shall not be effective for the purposes of subsection (1) unless it is declared that the Governor-General is satisfied, *inter alia* that action has been taken or is immediately threatened by any person or body of persons of such a nature and on so extensive a scale as to be likely to endanger the public safety or to deprive the community, or any substantial portion of the community, of supplies or services essential to life:

AND WHEREAS section 20(3) of the Constitution of Jamaica specifies that a Proclamation made by the Governor-General for the purposes of and in accordance with that section shall, unless previously revoked, remain in force for fourteen days or for such longer period, not exceeding three months, as both Houses of Parliament may determine by a resolution supported by a two-thirds majority of all the members of each House:

AND WHEREAS I am satisfied that action has been taken or is immediately threatened by persons or bodies of persons of such a nature and on so extensive a scale as to be likely to endanger the public safety of the community specified in the Schedule:

AND WHEREAS I am satisfied that a state of public emergency exists in the communities specified in the Schedule as a result of the aforementioned circumstances:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, PATRICK LINTON ALLEN, Member of the Order of the Nation, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Commander of the Order of Distinction, Knight of Grace of the Most Venerable Order of the Hospital of Saint John of Jerusalem, Governor-General of Jamaica, in exercise of the power conferred upon me by section 20 of the Constitution of Jamaica, and of every other power hereunto enabling, DO HEREBY DECLARE that—

- (a) a state of public emergency exists in the communities specified in Parts A and B of the Schedule; and
- (b) this Proclamation shall, unless previously revoked, remain in force for fourteen days or for such longer period, not exceeding three months, as both Houses of Parliament may determine by a resolution supported by a two-thirds majority of all the members of each House.

SCHEDULE*Communities in Which a State of Public Emergency Exists**Part A*

The area of land comprising the entire parishes of St. Ann, Clarendon and St. Catherine within the established parish borders, that is to say—

- East: The eastern boundary starts at the easternmost point of St. Catherine, at the coastal intersection of the parish boundaries of St. Catherine and St. Andrew. The eastern boundary then extends in a north-northwesterly direction along the shared parish borders of St. Catherine and St. Andrew and also St. Mary to the north coast of the Island.
- North: The northern boundary starts from the coastal intersection of the parish boundaries of St. Ann and St. Mary and then extends in a westerly direction along the coastline of St. Ann to coastal intersection of the parish boundaries of St. Ann and Trelawny.
- West: The western boundary then extends in a southerly direction along the shared parish border of St. Ann, Trelawny, Clarendon and Manchester to the coast.
- South: The southern boundary continues along the entire coast of Clarendon and St. Catherine, and back to the easternmost point of the shared coastal boundary of St. Catherine and St. Andrew.

Part B

The area of land comprising the entire parishes of Kingston and St. Andrew within the established parish borders, that is to say—

- North: The northern boundary starts at the intersection of the parish boundaries of St. Mary, St. Catherine and St. Andrew. The northern boundary then extends in a south-easterly direction along the shared parish borders of St. Andrew, St. Mary and Portland to the intersection of the Portland, St. Thomas and St. Andrew parish boundaries.
- East: The eastern boundary continues in a southerly direction along the shared parish borders of St. Andrew and St. Thomas, to the coast.
- South: The southern boundary extends westerly along the coast of St. Andrew, then along the Kingston coastline to the intersection of the parish boundaries of St. Andrew and St. Catherine.
- West: The western boundary continues in a northerly direction along the shared parish border of St. Andrew and St. Catherine to the starting point.

Given under my hand and the Broad Seal of Jamaica at King's House, this 28th day of December in the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand and Twenty-two and the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles III.

GOD SAVE THE KING